AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (currently amended): A fuzzy audio wireless music system for wireless transmission of a signal from BLUETOOTH communication of an audio music signal from the non-BLUETOOTH analog headphone jack connected to a battery powered BLUETOOTH compliant transmitter and received by a battery powered BLUETOOTH compliant source to a battery powered headphone receiver comprising:

a <u>NON-BLUETOOTH</u> compliant analog headphone jack from an audio <u>music</u> source in communication with <u>a connectable</u> <u>said</u> battery powered <u>BLUETOOTH</u> compliant transmitter;

said connectable battery powered BLUETOOTH compliant transmitter converts an analog audio music signal from said existing non-BLUETOOTH analog headphone jack to a BLUETOOTH compliant contains an A/D converter wherein said A/D converter converts an analog music audio signal to a digital signal using a CODEC and a BLUETOOTH front end at a signal rate of approximately 1.4 Mbps as defined in the BLUETOOTH standard;

said A/D converter CODEC in communication with a shift register generator that is BLUETOOTH compliant to create a unique user code and a convolutional encoder -and an interleaver:

said interleaver shift register generator in communication with a spread spectrum modulator that is BLUETOOTH compliant;

said <u>BLUETOOTH compliant</u> spread spectrum modulator in communication with a transmit antenna for wireless <u>BLUETOOTH compliant</u> transmission of a coded digital signal <u>BLUETOOTH compliant packet</u> to a receiving antenna at a radio frequency of approximately 2.4 GHz as defined in the <u>BLUETOOTH standard</u>;

said receiving antenna in communication with a spread spectrum demodulator that is BLUETOOTH compliant and a convolutional deinterleaver and a decoder; and

said decoder <u>BLUETOOTH</u> compliant spread spectrum demodulator in communication with a fuzzy logic detector <u>detection</u> system for additional decoding performance.

- 2. (currently amended): The fuzzy audio wireless music system as in claim 1 wherein said battery powered <u>BLUETOOTH compliant</u> headphone receiver having said fuzzy logic detector detection system with a detection method, comprising the steps of:
- a) receiving a user BLUETOOTH compliant packet code bits having:

 x(i) where i = 1, 2,, n is the set of all bits that make up the packet user code vector;

X(c), where c □ 1, 2,, m represents each user assigned unique user code;

wherein user X(1) has bit code [x(1) x (2).... X(n)] and user X(m) has bit code [x(1) x(2)... x(n)] which is different form X(1);

- b) activating a fuzzy <u>logic</u> if rule <u>for each bit energy in the packet code</u> based on each x in X wherein the if part sets are conditional densities to activate the if rule to the degree p[x(i)|X(c)] p[X(c)];
- c) activating a fuzzy then rule indirectly dependent on each x in X wherein the then part sets are a weighted sum equal to p[x(i)]p[ylx(i)], i = 1,2, ..., n received bit energy; and
- d) performing a defuzzifying <u>fuzzy logic</u> operation <u>to relate the bit energy to one</u> <u>of a digital one(1) and digital zero(0) bit representation</u>. of modal type.
- 3. (currently amended): A battery powered <u>BLUETOOTH compliant</u> headphone receiver <u>possibly</u> having a <u>an additive</u> fuzzy logic <u>detector</u> <u>detection</u> method, comprising the steps of:
- a) receiving a user BLUETOOTH compliant packet code bits having:

 x(i) where i = 1, 2,, n is the set of all bits that make up the packet user code vector;

X(c), where c = 1, 2,, m represents each user assigned unique user code; wherein user X(1) has bit code [$x(1) \times (2) \times (n)$] and user X(m) has bit code [$x(1) \times (2) \times (n)$] which is different form X(1);

- b) activating a fuzzy logic if rule for each <u>bit energy in the packet code</u> x in X wherein the if part sets are conditional densities to activate the if rule to the degree p[x(i)|X(c)] p[X(c)];
 - c) activating a fuzzy then rule indirectly dependent on each x in X wherein the

then part sets are a weighted sum equal to p[x(i)]p[ylx(i)], i = 1,2, ..., n received bit energy; and

- d) performing a defuzzifying <u>fuzzy logic</u> operation <u>to relate the bit energy to one</u> of a digital one(1) and digital zero(0) bit representation. operation of modal type.
- 4. (currently amended): A method for battery powered digital wireless BLUETOOTH communication transmission and reception of high fidelity audio music between a battery operated BLUETOOTH compliant transmitter and a battery operated BLUETOOTH compliant receiver headphone comprising the step of:

connecting the plug attached to said battery operated <u>BLUETOOTH</u> compliant transmitter to a the <u>existing non-BLUETOOTH</u> compliant analog headphone jack of an audio <u>music</u> source;

converting an a music audio signal to a digital BLUETOOTH communication signal using an A/D converter having a sampling rate of approximately 44.1 kHz multiplied by 16 bit quantization to produce a signal rate of approximately 1.4 Mbps a CODEC and a BLUETOOTH front end;

encoding the digital BLUETOOTH communication signal using a convolutional BLUETOOTH standard convolutional encoding and interleaving method;

creating a <u>BLUETOOTH standard</u> spread spectrum signal using a shift register generator to modulate a unique user code <u>that adheres to the BLUETOOTH standard</u>;

transmitting said <u>BLUETOOTH standard</u> spread spectrum signal at a radio frequency of approximately 2.4 GHz at a power level that adheres to the ISM <u>BLUETOOTH</u> standard for reception at a distance of up to 10 less than approximately 30 feet from said battery operated <u>BLUETOOTH compliant</u> transmitter;

receiving said <u>BLUETOOTH compliant</u> spread spectrum signal at said battery operated <u>BLUETOOTH compliant</u> receiver headphones;

demodulating said <u>BLUETOOTH compliant</u> spread spectrum signal; and optimal bit detecting of said unique user code using fuzzy logic technology;

convolutional decoding and deinterleaving to receive said digital signal; decoding of said BLUETOOTH communication signal as defined in the BLUETOOTH standard, with an option to apply fuzzy logic detection system to enhance bit detection performance;

converting said digital BLUETOOTH communication signal back to said analog music audio signal; and

communication said analog music audio signal to a headphone speaker within the

BLUETOOTH compliant headphone receiver.

- 5. (currently amended): The battery powered receiver headphone method as in claim 4 wherein said battery operated BLUETOOTH compliant receiver having a fuzzy logic detector method comprising the steps of:
- a) receiving a user BLUETOOTH compliant packet code bits having:

 x(i) where i = 1, 2,, n is the set of all bits that make up the packet user code vector;

X(c), where c = 1, 2,, m represents each user assigned unique user code;

wherein user X(1) has bit code [x(1) x (2).... X(n)] and user X(m) has bit code [x(1) x(2) ... x(n)] which is different form X(1);

- b) activating a fuzzy <u>logic</u> if rule <u>for each bit energy in the packet code</u> based on each x in X wherein the if part sets are conditional densities to activate the if rule to the degree p[x(i)|X(c)] p[X(c)];
- c) activating a fuzzy then rule indirectly dependent on each x in X wherein the then part sets are a weighted sum equal to p[x(i)]p[y|x(i)], i = 1,2,...,n received bit energy; and
- d) performing a defuzzifying <u>fuzzy logic operation to relate the bit energy to one</u> of a digital one(1) and digital zero(0) bit representation. operation of modal type.